1 Alachua County Unified Land Development Code, Chapter 404 – Use Regulations, Article

- 2 XXVIII Resource Based Recreation
- 3 Sec. 404.108. Docks.

(a) *Purpose*. The purpose of this section is to regulate dock construction, which includes dock
repairing, within unincorporated areas of the county in order to minimize adverse impacts of
such activities upon the natural resources of the County. This is intended to protect the county's
water bodies while providing access so that the public may continue to enjoy the recreational
uses of those waters such as swimming, boating, and fishing.

9 (b) Applicability. Docks are allowed as limited uses in the unincorporated area, provided the conditions of this section are satisfied. Docks include any permanently fixed or floating structure 10 extending from the upland into the water, capable of use for vessel mooring and/or other water-11 dependent recreational activities. The term "dock" also includes any floating structure, boat lift 12 or mooring piling, detached from the land, capable of use for mooring vessels and/or for other 13 water-dependent recreational activities and any area adjacent to the dock designated for 14 15 mooring purposes. This term does not include any vessel that is not permanently docked, moored, or anchored. Additional requirements applicable to docks are included in other portions 16 17 of this ULDC, including but not limited to Sec. 406.50(c) and 406.56(a)(1).

(c) Standards for approval through the Pre-application Screening Process. Exact repairs and
 replacements of an existing dock in its same configuration or reconfigurations that do not result
 in further non-compliance with the standards below may be reviewed and approved through the
 Pre-application screening process per Section 402.04(a). Docks may also be approved through
 the Pre-application screening process, provided the following conditions are satisfied:

- 23 (1) Size limits.
- 24a. Maximum size. The maximum total footprint of a dock shall not exceed 60025square feet. For the purposes of calculating footprint size, access walkways may26be excluded, provided they are no greater than 5 feet in width. Access walkway27means that portion of the dock that extends from the upland into the water and28terminates at the junction with the terminal platform (see figure below).
- 29

Open deck Boathouse

Stairs

Shoreline

Access Walkway ≤ 5 ft. wide

- b. Maximum total width and covered width. The width of a dock is calculated as
 the total width of uncovered and covered areas, including any roofed areas and
 stairs. If the property width at the lateral shoreline is 80 feet or less, the maximum
 width of a dock shall not exceed 20 feet. If the property width is greater than 80
 feet, the maximum width shall not exceed 25 feet. Docks on upland cut canals
 and the Santa Fe River will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and the
 maximum width provisions may not apply.
- c. *Maximum height*. The maximum height shall not exceed 14 feet as measured
 from the floor elevation to the highest point of the dock.
- 40d. Santa Fe River. Docks located on the Santa Fe River shall be limited to a41single platform, 160 square feet in maximum size, and shall not include any42roofed areas.
- (2) Other permits required. All applicable local, federal, state, and water management
 district permits must be received before beginning construction, including a building
 permit from the Alachua County building official. If modifications to the design of a
 County permitted dock are necessary to meet federal, state, or water management
 district permits, the applicant shall resubmit revised plans to the appropriate County
 reviewing body.
- (3) Hazards to navigation. A dock may not create a hazardous condition to the
 navigation of waterways and to other pursuits of water sports. Hazard to navigation
 means a watercraft or structure erected, under construction or moored that obstructs the
 navigation of watercraft proceeding along a navigable water or obstructs reasonable
 riparian access to adjacent properties.
- (4) *Impact on natural systems.* A dock may not be detrimental to the continued function
 of natural systems, including aquatic vegetation. All structures shall be constructed to
 cause the least possible impact to wetland and aquatic vegetation.
- 57 (5) *Setbacks.* If the property width of the lateral shoreline is 65 feet or greater, the dock 58 must be set back at least 25 feet from the side property lines (see figure below). If the 59 property width at the lateral shoreline is less than 65 feet, the dock must be set back at 60 least ten feet from the property line.
 - Lateral Shoreline 25' Setback Property Width > 65'

Figure 404.108.2

61

- (6) Walls are prohibited. There shall be no structures enclosed by walls on any side,
 temporary or permanent.
- 65 (7) *One dock per property*. There shall be no more than one dock per single family 66 residential parcel of land.

(d) Development review committee (DRC) approval. Per Chapter 401, Article V, the DRC may
approve docks that do not meet the standards in 404.108(c) provided the following conditions
are satisfied (see table below). The DRC may also approve reconfigurations of existing docks
that do not meet one or more of the standards in 404.108(c) and/or this section provided those
standards are not made further non-compliant.

(1) Maximum size. The total footprint as calculated in 404.108(c)(1)a. shall not exceed 900
 square feet.

(2) *Maximum width.* The maximum width of a dock shall not exceed 40 feet or 40% of the
property width at the lateral shoreline, whichever is less. For purposes of this section, the
property width at the lateral shoreline is measured as a straight perpendicular line from one
property line to the other at the lake edge. The DRC may authorize a dock serving multiple
residences or public access docks to exceed the maximum size and width standards upon
determination that such joint use would result in greater environmental protection.

- 80
- (3) Maximum covered width. The maximum covered width of a dock shall not exceed 30
 feet.
- (4) Setbacks. The DRC may approve exceptions to the setback standard when the County
 determines that locating any portion of the dock within the setback area is necessary to
 avoid or minimize adverse impacts to natural resources or riparian rights.

Santa Fe River. The total footprint of a dock located on the Santa Fe River shall not
 exceed 300 square feet and all other standards in 404.108(c) must be satisfied. A single
 covered platform may be approved not to exceed 160 square feet.

89

Table 404.108.1

Standard	Pre-application screening approval limit	Development Review Committee approval limit
Maximum platform size	600 square feet	900 square feet
Maximum width	25 feet for properties > 80 feet wide 20 feet for properties \leq 80 feet wide	The lesser of 40 feet or 40% of the property width at the shoreline
Maximum covered width	25 feet for properties > 80 feet wide 20 feet for properties \leq 80 feet wide	30 feet
Maximum height	14 feet	14 feet

Setbacks	10 feet for properties <65 feet wide 25 feet for properties \ge 65 feet wide	Less only if it is necessary to avoid or minimize adverse impacts to natural resources or riparian rights
Santa Fe River docks	Limited to a single uncovered platform ≤ 160 square feet	Limited to a single covered platform ≤160 square feet and total footprint ≤300 square feet

90

91 Additional proposed changes:

92 Chapter 406 – Natural and Historic Resources Protection. Article VI - Surface Waters and

93 Wetlands. 406.50 – Exemptions. (xx) Surface water recreational access. Removal of aquatic

vegetation no more than 25 foot in width or 25% of the shoreline, whichever is less, may be

allowed provided the Alachua County Environmental Protection Department determines, in

96 writing, that there will be no significant adverse impacts based on the factors and criteria set

97 forth in this section.